

ON THE OSTROWSKI-GRÜSS TYPE INEQUALITY FOR TWICE DIFFERENTIABLE FUNCTIONS

▼M. EMIN ÖZDEMİR, ♠★AHMET OCAK AKDEMİR, AND ▼ERHAN SET

ABSTRACT. In this paper, we obtained some new Ostrowski-Grüss type inequalities contains twice differentiable functions.

1. INTRODUCTION

In [1], Ostrowski proved the following inequality.

Theorem 1. *Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where $I \subset \mathbb{R}$ is an interval, be a mapping differentiable in the interior of I and $a, b \in I^\circ$, $a < b$. If $|f'| \leq M, \forall t \in [a, b]$, then we have*

$$(1.1) \quad \left| f(x) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \left[\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\left(x - \frac{a+b}{2}\right)^2}{(b-a)^2} \right] (b-a) M,$$

for $x \in [a, b]$.

In the past several years there has been considerable interest in the study of Ostrowski type inequalities. In [8], Özdemir et al. proved Ostrowski's type inequalities for (α, m) -convex functions and in [9], an Ostrowski type inequality was given by Sarıkaya. However, some new types inequalities are established, for example inequalities of Ostrowski-Grüss type and inequalities of Ostrowski-Chebyshev type. In [2], Milovanovic and Pecaric gave generalization of Ostrowski's inequality and some related applications. It was for the first time that Ostrowski-Grüss type inequality was given by Dragomir and Wang in [5]. In [4], Matic et al., generalized and improved this inequality. For generalizations, improvements and recent results see the papers [2], [3], [4], [5] and [6]. Recently, in [7], Ujevic proved following theorems;

Theorem 2. *Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where $I \subset \mathbb{R}$ is an interval, be a mapping differentiable in the interior of I and $a, b \in I^\circ$, $a < b$. If there exist constants $\gamma, \Gamma \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $\gamma \leq f'(t) \leq \Gamma, \forall t \in [a, b]$ and $f' \in L_1[a, b]$, then we have*

$$(1.2) \quad \left| f(x) - \left(x - \frac{a+b}{2}\right) \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \frac{(b-a)}{2} (S - \gamma)$$

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♠Corresponding Author.

and

$$(1.3) \quad \left| f(x) - \left(x - \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \frac{(b-a)}{2} (\Gamma - S),$$

where $S = \frac{f(b)-f(a)}{b-a}$.

Theorem 3. Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where $I \subset \mathbb{R}$ is an interval, be a twice continuously differentiable mapping in the interior of I with $f'' \in L_2[a, b]$ and $a, b \in I^\circ, a < b$. Then we have

$$(1.4) \quad \left| f(x) - \left(x - \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \frac{(b-a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2\pi\sqrt{3}} \|f''\|_2,$$

for $x \in [a, b]$.

The main purpose of this paper is to prove Ostrowski-Grüss type inequalities similar to above but now for involving twice differentiable mappings.

2. MAIN RESULTS

Theorem 4. Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where $I \subset \mathbb{R}$ is an interval, be a twice differentiable mapping in the interior of I and $a, b \in I^\circ, a < b$. If there exist constants $\gamma, \Gamma \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $\gamma \leq f''(t) \leq \Gamma, \forall t \in [a, b]$ and $f'' \in L_2[a, b]$, then we have

$$(2.1) \quad \left| f(x) - xf'(x) - \frac{a^2 f'(a) - b^2 f'(b)}{2(b-a)} - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \frac{f'(b) - f'(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \frac{(b-a)^2}{3} (S - \gamma)$$

and

$$(2.2) \quad \left| f(x) - xf'(x) - \frac{a^2 f'(a) - b^2 f'(b)}{2(b-a)} - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \frac{f'(b) - f'(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \frac{(b-a)^2}{3} (\Gamma - S)$$

where $S = \frac{f'(b)-f'(a)}{b-a}$.

Proof. We can define $K(x, t)$ as following

$$K(x, t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t}{2} (t - 2a), & t \in [a, x] \\ \frac{t}{2} (t - 2b), & t \in (x, b] \end{cases}$$

Integrating by parts, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, t) f''(t) dt \\
 (2.3) \quad &= \frac{1}{b-a} \left[\int_a^x \frac{t}{2} (t-2a) f''(t) dt + \int_x^b \frac{t}{2} (t-2b) f''(t) dt \right] \\
 &= x f'(x) - f(x) + \frac{a^2 f'(a) - b^2 f'(b)}{2(b-a)} + \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt
 \end{aligned}$$

It is easy to see that

$$(2.4) \quad \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, t) dt = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3}$$

and

$$(2.5) \quad \int_a^b f''(t) dt = f'(b) - f'(a)$$

Using (2.3), (2.4) and (2.5), we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 & x f'(x) - f(x) + \frac{a^2 f'(a) - b^2 f'(b)}{2(b-a)} - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \frac{f'(b) - f'(a)}{b-a} + \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, t) f''(t) dt - \frac{1}{(b-a)^2} \int_a^b f''(t) dt \int_a^b K(x, t) dt
 \end{aligned}$$

We denote

$$R_n(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, t) f''(t) dt - \frac{1}{(b-a)^2} \int_a^b f''(t) dt \int_a^b K(x, t) dt$$

If we write $R_n(x)$ as following with $C \in \mathbb{R}$ which is an arbitrary constant, then we have

$$(2.6) \quad R_n(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f''(t) - C) \left[K(x, t) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, s) ds \right] dt$$

We know that

$$(2.7) \quad \int_a^b \left[K(x, t) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, s) ds \right] dt = 0$$

So, if we choose $C = \gamma$ in (2.6). Then we get

$$R_n(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f''(t) - \gamma) \left[K(x, t) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, s) ds \right] dt$$

and

$$(2.8) \quad |R_n(x)| \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \max_{t \in [a,b]} \left| K(x, t) - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \right| \int_a^b |f''(t) - \gamma| dt$$

Since

$$\max_{t \in [a,b]} \left| K(x, t) - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \right| = \frac{(b-a)^2}{3}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \int_a^b |f''(t) - \gamma| dt &= f'(b) - f'(a) - \gamma(b-a) \\ &= (S - \gamma)(b-a) \end{aligned}$$

from (2.8), we have

$$(2.9) \quad |R_n(x)| \leq \frac{(b-a)^2}{3} (S - \gamma)$$

which gives (2.1).

Second, if we choose $C = \Gamma$ in (2.6) and by a similar argument we get

$$(2.10) \quad |R_n(x)| \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \max_{t \in [a,b]} \left| K(x, t) - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \right| \int_a^b |f''(t) - \Gamma| dt$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \int_a^b |f''(t) - \Gamma| dt &= \Gamma(b-a) - f'(b) + f'(a) \\ &= (\Gamma - S)(b-a) \end{aligned}$$

From (2.10) and (2.11), we get (2.2). \square

Theorem 5. Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, where $I \subset \mathbb{R}$ is an interval, be a twice continuously differentiable mapping in the interior of I with $f'' \in L_2[a, b]$ and $a, b \in I^\circ, a < b$. Then we have

$$\begin{aligned} (2.12) \quad & \left| f(x) - x f'(x) - \frac{a^2 f'(a) - b^2 f'(b)}{2(b-a)} \right. \\ & \left. - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \frac{f'(b) - f'(a)}{b-a} - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \\ & \leq \frac{(b-a)^2}{3} \left(S - f'' \left(\frac{a+b}{2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

where $S = \frac{f'(b) - f'(a)}{b-a}$.

Proof. $R_n(x)$ be defined as above, we can write

$$(2.13) \quad R_n(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f''(t) - C) \left[K(x, t) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b K(x, s) ds \right] dt$$

If we choose $C = f''\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)$, we get

$$|R_n(x)| \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \max_{t \in [a,b]} \left| K(x,t) - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{3} \right) \right| \int_a^b \left| f''(t) - f''\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \right| dt$$

By a simple computation, we get the required result. \square

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▼ ATATÜRK UNIVERSITY, K. K. EDUCATION FACULTY, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, 25640, KAMPUS, ERZURUM, TURKEY

E-mail address: `emos@atauni.edu.tr`

★ AĞRI İBRAHİM ÇEÇEN UNIVERSITY, FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, 04100, AĞRI, TURKEY

E-mail address: `ahmetakdemir@agri.edu.tr`

▼ ATATÜRK UNIVERSITY, K. K. EDUCATION FACULTY, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, 25640, KAMPUS, ERZURUM, TURKEY

E-mail address: `erhanset@yahoo.com`